

# Ministry of Agriculture, Livestock and Irrigation, Myitkyina Township, Myitkyina District, Kachin State



## Four different kinds of cultivation methods on monsoon rice in Year 2017-2018

Presented by  
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# Introduction

- ❖ Location - lie between north latitude  $24^{\circ}32'$  and  $26^{\circ}12'$ , east longitude  $96^{\circ}40'$  and  $97^{\circ}32'$ .
- ❖ Area -  $6229\text{km}^2$
- ❖ Sea level - 476ft
- ❖ Annual rainfall-110.26 inches / 110 days
- ❖ Temperature  $-7.3^{\circ}\text{C}$  (Low) , $38.8^{\circ}\text{C}$  (High)
- ❖ Four different cultivation methods-SRI, Raised-bed, Seeder, Broadcast
- ❖ Village name - Pamatii, Myitkyina
- ❖ Farmer name -U Du Kar

# Objectives

- ❖ To choose and apply the best method that obtain high yields, adapted to ecology and local climatic condition .
- ❖ To evaluate cost and benefit ratio in each method
- ❖ To compare yield and yield component in each method.

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# Activities

<b>Title</b>	<b>SRI</b>	<b>Raised - Bed</b>	<b>Seeder</b>	<b>Broad cast</b>
Nursery Date	25.6.2017	17.6.2017	-	-
Transplanted Date	6.7.17	6.7.17	6.7.17	6.7.17
Plot size	0.50ac	0.50ac	0.50ac	0.50ac
Spacing	10"×10"	8"×6"	-	-
Plant population	62500	102000	198000	250000
Life span (days)	140	145	135	135
Harvesting Date	15.11.2017	15.11.2017	15.11.17	15.11.17

# Germination Test

- ❖ Germination % -92%
- ❖ Variety - sin akari-3
- ❖ Life span - 135 days
- ❖ (1000) grains weight -27.9g
- ❖ Amylose % -18.9



# System of Rice Intensification (SRI)



## Seed -bed preparation    Nursery Management

- ❖ Seed rate -10 tin/acre
- ❖ Seed class- Certified seed(CS)
- ❖ Wooden frame size-(2'× 1'), (80)plots
- ❖ Transplanting time-12 days (DAS)
- ❖ Record plant data- 10 days (DAS)
- ❖ Data collection- leaf number, plant high, tiller number
- ❖ Inter-cultivation - (2) times





# Raised- bed Method



## Germination

- ❖ Seed rate - 8 pyi/acre
- ❖ Seed class - Certified seed(CS)
- ❖ Seed-bed size - (120'× 30')
- ❖ Transplanting time-20days (DAS)
- ❖ Record plant data - 10 days(DAS)
- ❖ Data collection - leaf number, plant high, tiller number
- ❖ Inter-cultivation - (2) times



## Land preparation



## Nursery Management



# Seeder Method



## Seed Preparation

- ❖ Seed rate - 1 bsk/acre
- ❖ Seed class - Certified seed(CS)
- ❖ Land preparation- Leveling
- ❖ Seed preparation-Pre-germinate the rice seed  
do not let shoot become too long
- ❖ Record plant data - 10 days (DAS)
- ❖ Data collection - leaf number, plant high,  
tiller number
- ❖ Hand weeding - (3) times





# Broadcast Method



## Seed Preparation

- ❖ Seed rate - 2 bsk/acre
- ❖ Seed class - Certified seed(CS)
- ❖ Land preparation - Leveling
- ❖ Seed preparation - Pre-germinate the rice seed  
do not let shoot become too long
- ❖ Record plant data - 10 days (DAS)
- ❖ Data collection - leaf number, plant high, tiller number
- ❖ Hand weeding - (2) times



# Fertilizer Application

<b>Title</b>	<b>SRI</b>	<b>Raised Bed</b>	<b>Seeder</b>	<b>Broad cast</b>
Compound15:15:15 and manure as basal	50kg/ac 4bags/ac	50kg/ac 4bags/ac	50kg/ac 4bags/ac	50kg/ac 4bags/ac
25 days (DAS)	N25kg/ac	N25kg/ac	N25kg/ac	N25kg/ac
45 days (DAS)	N25kg/ac	N25kg/ac	N25kg/ac	N25kg/ac
50% of flowering date	20.10.17	20.10.17	20.10.17	20.10.17
50%of flowering days	115	120	105	105

Remark-Fertilizer recommendation is soil analysis.

# Checking panicle initiation

- ❖ Checking panicle initiation at 75 days.
- ❖ We found panicle stage 2 at Leaf number 15.
- ❖ End of panicle at 95-105 days.

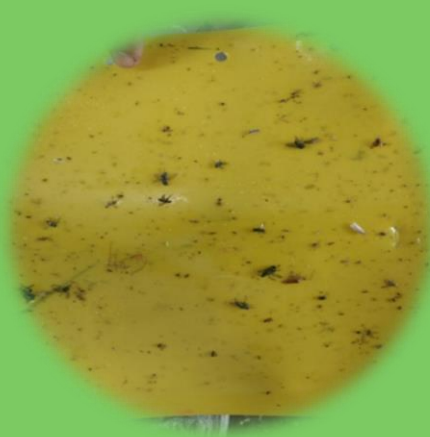




# Pest and disease control



yellow and blue sticky trap



# Field Days



Roughing



Yield sampling



# Result of yield and yield components

Sr.	Title	SRI	Raised -bed	Seeder	Broad cast
1	Leaf number	18-19	18-19	16-17	16-17
2	Plant Height(cm)	133	128.25	124.5	124.5
3	Tiller number	13	8	4	3
4	No. of grain per panicle	108	115	94	80
5	Fill grain per panicle	100	106	80	75
6	Grain yield(bsk/acre)	109	115	85	75
7	Cost and benefit	339000/ 424000	333000/ 472000	257000/ 338000	258000/ 267000

# Discussion

Sr.	Content	Advantages	Disadvantages
1	SRI	Low seed-rate,high tillering,easier weeding,aeration	High labour cost, well drainage system, suitable in fertile land , rich FYM
2	Raised-bed	Nomal seed rate, high tillering, high yield,aeration	High labour cost
3	Seeder	Low labour cost, not required nursery management	High seed rate, expose to rat and birds attack ,crowding plant population,difficult weeding
4	Broadcast	Low labour cost, not required nursery management	High seed rate, difficult weeding ,low tillering and lodging, leveling

# Conclusion

- ❖ Raised bed and SRI methods get high yields.
- ❖ SRI method is suitable for small scale farmers, systematic and interested farmers.
- ❖ However the most farmers prefer to Seeder and Broadcast but these methods can be damaged in seeding time for heavy rainfall region.
- ❖ Raised -bed method obtain high yield and its more adaptable to local .
- ❖ Raised-bed method is high cost but high benefit and good condition for yield component.



# THANK YOU

